[117H288]

	(Original Signature of Member)
118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.	
To amend the Revised Statute to codify the in the case of any action under section	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
IN THE HOUSE OF RE	PRESENTATIVES
Mr. Banks introduced the following bill; who on	
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To amend the Revised Statute to	codify the defense of quali-
fied immunity in the case of	any action under section
1979, and for other purposes.	

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Qualified Immunity
- 5 Act of 2023".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

1	(1) Qualified immunity is intended for all but
2	the plainly incompetent or those who knowingly vio-
3	late the law and is meant to give government offi-
4	cials breathing room to make reasonable mistakes of
5	fact and law.
6	(2) The Supreme Court has observed that
7	qualified immunity balances two important interests,
8	the need to hold law enforcement officers account-
9	able when they exercise power irresponsibly and the
10	need to shield officers from harassment, distraction,
11	and liability when they perform their duties reason-
12	ably.
13	SEC. 3. CODIFICATION OF QUALIFIED IMMUNITY.
14	(a) In General.—Section 1979 of the Revised Stat-
15	utes (42 U.S.C. 1983) is amended—
16	(1) by inserting "(a) In General—" before
17	"Every person"; and
18	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
19	section:
20	"(b) Applicability to Law Enforcement Offi-
21	CERS.—
22	"(1) A law enforcement officer subject to an ac-
23	tion under this section in their individual capacity
24	shall not be found liable if such law enforcement of-
25	ficer establishes that—

1	"(A) the right, privilege, or immunity se-
2	cured by the Constitution or Federal law was
3	not clearly established at the time of their dep-
4	rivation by the law enforcement officer, or that
5	at this time, the state of the law was not suffi-
6	ciently clear that every reasonable law enforce-
7	ment officer would have understood that the
8	conduct alleged constituted a violation of the
9	Constitution or Federal law; or
10	"(B) a court of competent jurisdiction had
11	issued a final decision on the merits holding,
12	without reversal, vacatur, or preemption, that
13	the specific conduct alleged to be unlawful was
14	consistent with the Constitution and Federal
15	laws.
16	"(2) A law enforcement agency or unit of local
17	government who employed a law enforcement officer
18	subject to an action under subsection (a), shall not
19	be liable for such action if the law enforcement offi-
20	cer is found not liable under paragraph (1) and was
21	acting within the scope of their employment.
22	"(c) Definitions.—In this section:
23	"(1) Law enforcement officer.—The term
24	'law enforcement officer' means any Federal, State,
25	Tribal, or local official who is authorized by law to

1	engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, in-
2	vestigation, or the incarceration of any person for
3	any violation of law, and has the statutory powers
4	of arrest or apprehension, including police officers
5	and other agents of a law enforcement agency.
6	"(2) Law enforcement agency.—The term
7	'law enforcement agency' means any Federal, State,
8	Tribal, or local public agency engaged in supervision,
9	prevention, detection, investigation, or the incarcer-
10	ation of any person for any violation of law, and has
11	the statutory powers of arrest or apprehension.".
12	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made
13	under subsection (a) shall take effect on the date that is
14	180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.